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is multiplied by the weight factor and summed to arrive at a State factor (SF). The SF cannot exceed .05.

- SF = (criterion (b)(1)(i) \times 50 percent) + (criterion (b)(1)(ii) \times 25 percent) + (criterion (b)(1)(iii) \times 25 percent)
- (c) Basic formula allocation. See §1940.552(c) of this subpart. States receiving administrative allocations do not receive formula allocations.
- (d) Transition formula. The transition formula for Community Program Guaranteed loans is not used.
- (e) Base allocation. See §1940.552(e) of this subpart. States receiving administrative allocations do not receive base allocations.
- (f) Administrative allocation. See 1940.552(f) of this subpart. States participating in the formula base allocation procedures do not receive administrative allocations.
- (g) Reserve. See §1940.522(g) of this subpart. States may request funds by forwarding a request following the format found in guide 26 of subpart A of part 1942 of this chapter (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 office), to the National Office. Generally, a request for additional funds will not be honored unless the State has insufficient funds from the State's allocation to obligate the loan requested.
- (h) Pooling of funds. See §1940.522(h) of this subpart. Funds are generally pooled at mid-year and year-end. Pooled funds will be placed in the National Office reserve and will be made available administratively.
- (i) Availability of the allocation. See §1940.552(i) of this subpart. The allocation of funds is made available for States to obligate on an annual basis although the Office of Management and Budget apportions it to the Agency on a quarterly basis.
- (j) Suballocation by State Director. See §1940.552(j) of this subpart. State Director has the option to suballocate to District Offices.
- (k) Other documentation. Not applica-

 $[55~{\rm FR}~11134,~{\rm Mar.}~27,~1990,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~58~{\rm FR}~54486,~{\rm Oct.}~22,~1993]$

§ 1940.592 Community facilities grants.

- (a) Amount available for allocations. See § 1940.552(a).
- (b) Basic formula criteria, data source, and weight. See §1940.552(b).
- (1) The criteria used in the basic formula are:
- (i) State's percentage of National rural population—50 percent.
- (ii) State's percentage of National rural population with income below the poverty level—50 percent.
- (2) Data source for each of these criterion is based on the latest census data available. Each criterion is assigned a specific weight according to its relevance in determining need. The percentage representing each criterion is multiplied by the weight factor and summed to arrive at a State factor (SF).
- SF (criterion (b)(1)(i) \times 50 percent) + (criterion (b)(1)(ii) \times 50 percent)
- (c) Basic formula allocation. See §1940.552(c). States receiving administrative allocations do not receive formula allocations.
- (d) Transition formula. The transition formula for Community Facilities Grants is not used.
- (e) Base allocation. See §1940.552(e). States receiving administrative allocations do not receive base allocations.
- (f) Administrative allocation. See §1940.552(f). States participating in the formula base allocation procedures do not receive administrative allocations.
 - (g) Reserve. See § 1940.552(g).
- (h) Pooling of funds. See §1940.522(h). Funds will be pooled at midyear and yearend. Pooled funds will be placed in the National Office reserve and will be made available administratively.
- (i) Availability of the allocation. See §1940.552(i).
- (j) Suballocation by State Director. See § 1940.552(j).
- (k) Other documentation. Not applicable.

[62 FR 16468, Apr. 7, 1997]

§ 1940.593 Rural Business Opportunity Grants.

- (a) Amount available for allocations. See § 1940.552(a).
- (b) Basic formula criteria, data source, and weight. See § 1940.552(b).

RHS, RBS, RUS, FSA, USDA

- (1) The criteria used in the basic formula are:
- (i) State's percentage of national rural population—50 percent.
- (ii) State's percentage of national rural population with incomes below the poverty level—25 percent.
- (iii) State's percentage of national nonmetropolitan unemployment—25 percent.
- (2) The data source for each criterion is based on the latest census data available. The percentage representing each criterion is multiplied by the weight factor and added to arrive at a State Factor (SF). The SF cannot exceed .05.

 $SF = (criterion (b)(1)(i) \times 50 percent) + (criterion (b)(1)(ii) \times 25 percent) + (criterion (b)(1)(iii) \times 25 percent)$

- (c) Basic formula allocation. See § 1940.552(c).
- (d) Transition formula. The transition formula is not used for Rural Business Opportunity Grants (RBOG).
 - (e) Base allocation. See §1940.552(e).
- (f) $Administrative \ allocation$. The administrative allocation is not used for RBOG.
 - (g) Reserve. See §1940.552(g).
- (h) Pooling of funds. See §1940.552(h). Funds are pooled near fiscal year-end. Pooled funds will be placed in the National Office reserve and will be made available administratively.
- (i) Availability of the allocation. See §1940.552(i). The allocation of funds is made available to States on an annual basis
- (j) Suballocation by the State Director. Suballocation by the State Director is authorized for this program.

 $[68~{\rm FR}~14528,~{\rm Mar}.~26,~2003;~68~{\rm FR}~17153,~{\rm Apr}.~8,~2003]$

§§ 1940.594-1940.600 [Reserved]

EXHIBIT A TO SUBPART L OF PART 1940 [RESERVED]

EXHIBIT B TO SUBPART L OF PART 1940— SECTION 515 NONPROFIT SET ASIDE (NPSA)

- I. Objective: To provide eligible nonprofit entities with a reasonable opportunity to utilize section 515 funds.
- II. Background: The Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act of 1990 estab-

lished the statutory authority for the section $515\ NPSA$ funds.

III. Eligible entities. Amounts set aside shall be available only for nonprofit entities in the State, which may not be wholly or partially owned or controlled by a for-profit entity. An eligible entity may include a partnership, including a limited partnership, that has as its general partner a nonprofit entity or the nonprofit entity's for-profit subsidiary which will be receiving low-income housing tax credits authorized under section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. For the purposes of this exhibit, a nonprofit entity is an organization that:

A. Will own an interest in a project to be financed under this section and will materially participate in the development and the operations of the project; and

B. Is a private organization that has nonprofit, tax exempt status under section 501(c)(3) or section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and

- C. Has among its purposes the planning, development, or management of low-income housing or community development projects; and
- D. Is not affiliated with or controlled by a for-profit organization; and
- E. May be a consumer cooperative, Indian tribe or tribal housing authority.
- IV. *Nondiscrimination*. Rural Development reemphasizes the nondiscrimination in use and occupancy and location requirements of 7 CFR 3560.104.
- V. Amount of Set Aside. See Attachment 1 of this exhibit (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 State Office):
- A. Small State Allocation Set Aside (SSASA). The allocation for small States has been reserved and combined to form the SSASA, as shown in Attachment 1 of this exhibit (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 State Office). The definition of small State is included in Attachment 1 of this exhibit (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 State Office).
- B. Large State Allocation Set Aside (LSASA). The allocation for large States has been reserved in the amounts shown in Attachment 1 of this exhibit (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 State Office). The definition of large State is included in Attachment 1 of this exhibit (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 State Office).
- C. NPSA Rental Assistance (RA). NPSA RA has been reserved in the National Office as shown in Attachment 1 of this exhibit (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 State Office).
- VI. Access to NPSA funds and RA. RA is available and may be requested, as needed, with eligible loan requests. NPSA funds and